



- I. Please translate the following English sentences into Chinese equivalents. 50% (10% for each question)
1. The highlights of the plan included boosting research and development (R&D) from the current 2.1% of GDP to 3% in six years through the use of low interest loans provided by the government and by encouraging domestic and international businesses and research institutes to establish industrial research centers in Taiwan.
  2. Though funds are perceived as investment products, they are legally structured as individual companies, each with its own board of directors, who have a fiduciary duty to the fund's shareholders. Fund trustees also are the first line of regulatory defense, obligated to notify the SEC if they believe the managers are violating securities laws.
  3. What's making markets so nervous (yields on Greek, Italian, Spanish and even French debt are soaring) is that one of those latter scenarios is looking more likely, since the strongest nation in Europe, Germany, won't commit wholeheartedly to backing the rest of the euro zone's troubled economies.
  4. In recent weeks, those prices have fallen further on net, in part under the influence of growing concerns about corporate governance and business transparency problems that evidently accumulated during the earlier rapid runup in these markets.
  5. In addition, the handover from public to private demand in the U.S. economy stalled, the euro area encountered major financial turbulence, global markets suffered a major sell-off of risky assets, and there are growing signs of spillovers to the real economy.



- II. Please translate the following Chinese sentences into English equivalents. 50%  
(10% for each question)
1. 一家商業公司可以通過發行證券來獲得其運作所需的資金。證券有兩種基本類型：債權證券和產權證券。
  2. 資本帳戶：公司的資本帳戶是公司帳目中的一個戶頭，它是由該公司股票的面值或設定價值與已售出股票的數量相乘來決定的。
  3. 面值是公司章程中人為確定的每一股份的價值，但它並不一定反映該股票的實際市場價值。
  4. 優先股票：股票可以分為不同的等級。公司可以設定一個或幾個等級股票的持有人，可先於其他等級股票的持有人領取股息。
  5. 普通股票：不享有股息優先的股票即為普通股票。普通股票通常是所有股東權力的源泉，而且一般都包括最廣泛的投票表決權，並提供了獲得最大投資收益的可能性。



Essay Questions. 100%

1. Please use at least 20 words (no more than 50) to define the following terms. 25%
  - a. Output Hypothesis
  - b. interlanguage
  - c. washback
  - d. U-shaped course of development
  - e. suprasegmental
  
2. Propose a cognitive information processing model for a typical classroom learning task. Use this model as a basis for creating a lesson plan for teaching the task. 25%
  
3. What are your feelings on alternative assessment as an alternative to standardized testing? 25%
  
4. What are the sources for the errors which most EFL learners make? What are two techniques for correcting students' errors? 25%