



1. (20%)

A two-dimension wave equation in Cartesian coordinate  $u(x,y,t)$  is shown below

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \right), \text{ where } c \text{ is constant parameter.}$$

Please express it in polar coordinate  $u(r, \theta, t)$ , with

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \quad \text{and} \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}(y/x)$$

2. (30%)

The position of a moving particle is given by  $\vec{r}(t) = t\vec{i} + \frac{1}{2}t^2\vec{j} + \frac{1}{3}t^3\vec{k}$ .

Please find the tangent and normal components of the acceleration vector at any time  $t$ , and find the curvature



3. (15%) Consider the initial value problem

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 3\frac{dx}{dt} + 2x = 0, \quad x(0) = 1, \quad x'(0) = c,$$

in which  $c$  is a constant. Please determine the value of  $c$  such that  $x(t) = e^{-t}$

for all  $t \geq 0$ .

4. (15%) Consider the initial value problem

$$\frac{dx}{dt} + x = t^{10}, \quad x(0) = 10.$$

Please find a function  $f(t)$  such that  $x(t) = f(t) + \int_0^t e^{-\tau} (t-\tau)^{10} d\tau$ .

5. (10%) Please expand  $f(t) = \sin(t)$ ,  $-2\pi < t < 2\pi$ , in a complex Fourier series.

6. (10%) Please plot the amplitude spectrum of the periodic wave that is the periodic

extension of the function  $f(t) = \sin(t)$ ,  $-\pi < t < \pi$ .